

Columbia County, Oregon Annual Financial Report Year Ending June 30, 2016



CITY COUNCIL

Scott Burge, Mayor	33470 Chinook Plaza, #272 Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Jeff Erickson, Council President	33980 SE Oakview Drive Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Joel Haugen, Council Member	33568 E Columbia Avenue Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Barbara Hayden, Council Member	33784 SE Kern Court Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Jason Meshell, Council Member	52559 NW Eastview Drive Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Mark Reed, Council Member	P. O. Box 243 Scappoose, Oregon 97056
Rich Riffle, Council Member	33568 E Columbia Avenue Scappoose, Oregon 97056

ADMINISTRATION

Michael Sykes, City Manager

Jill Herr, Finance Administrator

Susan Reeves, City Recorder/Budget Secretary

Norman Miller, Chief of Police Shelby Rihala

Shelby Rihala, City Attorney

FINANCIAL SECTION	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	9
Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis)	10
Statement of Activities (Cash Basis)	11
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet (Cash Basis) -Governmental Funds	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Cash Basis) -	
Governmental Funds	13
Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis) - Proprietary Funds	14
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Net Position (Cash Basis) -	
Proprietary Funds	15
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	16-40
Supplemental Information	
Reconcilation of Budgetary to Reporting Funds - General Fund - Balance Sheet (Cash Basis)	42
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Cash Basis)	43
Combining Balance Sheet (Cash Basis) - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	44-45
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
(Cash Basis) - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	46-47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Cash Basis) -	
Budget and Actual	
General Fund	48
Unemployment Fund	49
Watts Fund	50
Streets Fund	51
Street SDC Fund	52
Building Fund	53
PEG Fee Fund	54
Law Enforcement Fund	55
Recreation Reserve Fund	56
Foot Path & Bike Trails Fund	57
Parks SDC Fund	58
Combining Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis) - Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	59
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position (Cash Basis) -	
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds	60
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Cash Basis) -	
Budget and Actual	
Storm Drain Fund	61

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON TABLE OF CONTENTS

Airpark Water Line Fund	64
GO Water Waste Water Bond Fund	65
Water Fund	66
Waste Water Fund	67
Waste Water SDC Fund	68
Other Schedules	
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions	70
Schedule of Long-Term Debt Transactions	71-72
Schedule of Future Debt Requirements by Issue	73-76
REGULATORY SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	78-79

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

DENNIS R. CONNER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CLATSKANIE, OREGON 97016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Cash Basis Financial Statements

To the Mayor & Council City of Scappoose Columbia County, Oregon

I have audited the accompanying cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Scappoose (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in cash basis financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting

principles generally accepted in the United States of America. My opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Supplementary and Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements as a whole that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedules, and other financial schedules listed in the table of contents, and the management's discussion and analysis are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules, and other financial schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

The management's discussion and analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on such information.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, I have also issued my report dated December 12, 2016, on my consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-240 to 162-10-320. The purpose of that report is to describe my evaluation of internal control over financial reporting and the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

Jonnia R. Conner

Dennis R. Conner Certified Public Accountant December 12, 2016

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2016

As management of the City of Scappoose, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	June	30	
	2016	2015	Change
Net Position Governmental net position	\$ 8,973,423 \$ 4,601.058	7,662,391 4,246,229	\$ 1,311,032 \$ 354,829
Proprietary net position	4,372,365	3,416,162	\$ 956,203

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Scappoose's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Scappoose's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis). The statement of net position (Cash Basis) presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the City of Scappoose as of the date on the statement. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid off or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities (Cash Basis)*. The *statement of activities (Cash Basis)* presents information showing how the net position of the City of Scappoose changed over the most recent fiscal year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position utilizing the cash basis of accounting. In the government-wide financial statements, the City's activities are shown as governmental activities. All basic functions are shown here, such as police, planning, court, parks, community development and administration. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes and other intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City of Scappoose's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the City of Scappoose as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local

governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Scappoose can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Proprietary funds. The City of Scappoose charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside users or to other units of the City and these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The City's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *supplemental information* including the combining statements for the non-major funds and the budgetary comparison schedules.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis). The Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis) is provided on a comparative basis.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Scappoose, assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,973,432 as of June 30, 2016.

The Net Position - Restricted funds represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, such as debt service reserves or construction of capital assets.

The Net Position - Unrestricted funds are available for general operations of the City of Scappoose.

(Governmental Act	ivities	Business-type Act	ivities	Тс	otal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,706,783	\$ 4,353,393	\$ 4,495,660	\$ 3,530,208	\$ 9,202,443	\$ 7,883,601
Deposits	105,725	107,164	123,295	114,045	229,020	221,209
Net position						
Restricted	2,038,353	1,485,591	1,221,730	1,112,044	3,260,083	2,597,635
Unrestricted	2,562,705	2,760,638	3,150,635	2,304,118	5,713,340	5,064,756
Total net position	\$ 4,601,058	\$ 4,246,229	\$ 4,372,365	\$ 3,416,162	\$ 8,973,423	\$ 7,662,391

Statement of Activities. During the current fiscal year, the City of Scappoose's net position increased by \$1,318,842. The key elements of the change in Scappoose's net position for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

- Fees, fines and charges for services decreased by \$136,438 due in part to a decrease in charges for service in the governmental funds.
- Operating grant and contribution income increased by \$39,266 in total, largely due to increase in operating grant reimbursements.
- Capital grants and contribution income increased by \$232,566 due to reimbursements related to advanced finance reimbursement project and infrastructure improvement projects.
- Disbursements increased \$314,698 largely due to increased spending related to infrastructure projects.

Financial Analysis of the City of Scappoose's Funds

As noted earlier, Scappoose uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

	Gove	rnmental Acti	vities		Bus	iness-type Activ	vities	5		Tota	als	
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues												
Program revenues												
Fines, fees, charges for services	\$	612,525	\$	792,559	\$	3,499,428	\$	3,457,674	\$	4,111,953	\$	4,250,233
Operating grants and contributions		522,015		482,749				-		522,015		482,749
Capital grants and contributions		331,737		186,920		444,455		356,706		776,192		543,626
General receipts										-		
Property tax		1,745,017		1,717,770		43,916		39,999		1,788,933		1,757,769
Franchise fees		390,687		386,201		-		-		390,687		386,201
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		87,858		115,849		23,783		15,133		111,641		130,982
Total revenues		3,689,839		3,682,048		4,011,582		3,869,512		7,701,421		7,551,560
Expenses												
General government		532,124		690,984		-		-		532,124		690,984
Court and police		1,675,486		1,556,841		-		-		1,675,486		1,556,841
Community services and development		311,045		301,948		-		-		311,045		301,948
Culture and recreation		484,954		362,473		-		-		484,954		362,473
Interest on long-term debt		28,100		28,829		-		-		28,100		28,829
Highways and streets		398,891		338,294		-		-		398,891		338,294
Storm Drain		-		-		25,334		-		25,334		-
Water		-		-		1,640,638		1,680,357		1,640,638		1,680,357
Sewer		-		-		1,293,817		1,115,965		1,293,817		1,115,965
Total expenses		3,430,600		3,279,369		2,959,789		2,796,322		6,390,389		6,075,691
net assets before transfers		259,239		402,679		1,051,793		1,073,190		1,311,032		1,475,869
Transfers		239,239 95,590		203,038		(95,590)		(203,038)		1,511,052		- 1,473,809
Change in net positon		354,829		605,717		956,203		870,152		1,311,032		1,475,869
Net positon, beginning of year		4,246,229		3,640,512		3,416,162		2,546,010		7,662,391		6,186,522
Net positon, end of year		4,601,058		4,246,229		4,372,365		3,416,162		8,973,423		7,662,391

Statement of Activities For the years ended June 30.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Scappoose's governmental funds is to provide information on relatively short-term cash flow and funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing Scappoose's financing requirements. In particular, *unrestricted fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

At June 30, 2016, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,601,058.

As detailed in the notes to the financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement #54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Types Definitions*. Among the changes required is that special revenue funds whose primary source of funding is transfers from the General Fund be

reported as part of the General Fund. Therefore in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, the Unemployment Fund and the Watts Fund has been combined with the General Fund.

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2016, unrestricted fund balance was \$2,562,705. The fund balance decreased by \$197,501 during the current fiscal year. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 95 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The city council made adjustments to the adopted budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, which are reflected in the schedules of budget and actual by fund.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City of Scappoose's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, vehicles and equipment, and construction in progress. As of June 30, 2016, Scappoose had invested \$36,421,592 in capital assets, net of depreciation, as shown in the following table:

Government	al Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Totals			
2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015		
\$ 1,765,116	\$ 1,765,116	\$ 389,036	\$ 389,036	\$ 2,154,152	\$ 2,154,152		
3,567,350 586,559	3,517,350 417,276	4,809,739 1,999,290	4,809,739 1,989,290	8,377,089 2,585,849	8,327,089 2,406,566		
650,491	649,592	278,271	273,771	928,762	923,363		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
61,809,757	61,809,757	-	-	61,809,757	61,809,757		
	-	19,492,268	19,194,658	19,492,268	19,194,658		
68,379,273	68,159,091	26,968,604	26,656,494	95,347,877	94,815,585		
(46,193,689)	(44,407,932)	(12,732,596)	(12,201,958)	(58,926,285)	(56,609,890)		
. 	000 751 150	¢14.000.000		¢ 26 421 502	* 20 205 505		
\$ 22,185,584	\$23,751,159	\$14,236,008	\$14,454,536	\$ 36,421,592	\$38,205,695		
	2016 \$ 1,765,116 3,567,350 586,559 650,491 61,809,757 68,379,273	\$ 1,765,116 3,567,350 586,559 650,491 61,809,757 61,809,757 68,379,273 (46,193,689) \$ 1,765,116 3,517,350 417,276 649,592 - 61,809,757 61,809,757 - 68,159,091 (44,407,932)	2016 2015 2016 \$ 1,765,116 \$ 1,765,116 \$ 389,036 3,567,350 3,517,350 4,809,739 586,559 417,276 1,999,290 650,491 649,592 278,271 61,809,757 61,809,757 - 68,379,273 68,159,091 26,968,604 (46,193,689) (44,407,932) (12,732,596)	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		

Capital Assets As of June 30, 2015 and 2016

During fiscal year 2015-16, the City's investment in capital assets decreased by \$1,784,103.

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Scappoose had total bonded debt (general obligation and revenue bonds) outstanding of \$6,462,442 and capital leases in the amount of \$120,859.

During the current fiscal year, the City's total debt decreased by \$693,313.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

	(Governmenta	l Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	Totals					
		2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015				
Notes Payable	\$	703,921	848,574	5,347,023 \$	5,802,315	\$ 6,050,94	4 \$ 6,650,889				
Bonds Payable		-	-	411,498	468,359	411,49	8 468,359				
Capital lease		72,171	93,578	48,688	63,788	120,85	9 157,366				
	\$	776,092	942,152	5,807,209 \$	6,334,462	\$ 6,583,30	1 \$ 7,276,614				

Outstanding Debt As of June 30, 2015 and 2016

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City of Scappoose's Budget Committee considered all the following factors while preparing the budget for the 2015-16 fiscal year.

- Expected rates and consumption for business-type funds
- Staffing requirements and the desired level of service
- Capital outlay

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City of Scappoose's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

City of Scappoose Attn: City Recorder 33568 E Columbia Avenue Scappoose, OR 97056 (503)543-7146 BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CASH BASIS) JUNE 30, 2016

 ,		*1	Totals		
\$ 4,706,783	\$	4,495,660	\$	9,202,443	
105,725		123,295		229,020	
2,038,353		1,221,730		3,260,083	
 2,562,705		3,150,635		5,713,340	
\$ 4,601,058	\$	4,372,365	\$	8,973,423	
\$	105,725 2,038,353 2,562,705	Activities \$ 4,706,783 \$ 105,725 2,038,353 2,562,705	Activities Activities \$ 4,706,783 \$ 4,495,660 105,725 123,295 2,038,353 1,221,730 2,562,705 3,150,635	Activities Activities \$ 4,706,783 \$ 4,495,660 \$ 105,725 123,295 \$ 2,038,353 1,221,730 \$ 2,562,705 3,150,635 \$	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (CASH BASIS)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

					Pro	gram Receipts				Net Cl	hanges in Fun	d Net Asse	ts													
	Disbursements		Disbursements		Disbursements		Disbursements		Disbursements		Disbursements		Disbursements		Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Totals	
Functions/Programs Governmental activities:																										
General government	\$	532,124	\$	92,614	\$	127,429	\$	20,000	\$	(292,081)	\$	-	\$	(292,081)												
Public safety		1,675,486		223,852		-		-		(1,451,634)		-		(1,451,634)												
Culture and recreation		484,954		1,205		-		56,853		(426,896)		-		(426,896)												
Community development		311,045		257,723		-		-		(53,322)		-		(53,322)												
Highways and streets		398,891		37,131		394,586		254,884		287,710		-		287,710												
Interest on long-term debt		28,100				-		-		(28,100)		-		(28,100)												
Total Govermental Activities		3,430,600		612,525		522,015		331,737		(1,964,323)		-		(1,964,323)												
Business-type activities:																										
Water		1,640,638		1,884,043		-		308,857		-		552,262		552,262												
Sewer		1,293,817		1,537,313		-		79,352		-		322,848		322,848												
Storm Drain		25,334		78,072		-		56,246		-		108,984		108,984												
Total Business-type Activities		2,959,789		3,499,428		-		444,455		-		984,094		984,094												
Total Activities	\$	6,390,389	\$	4,111,953	\$	522,015	\$	776,192		(1,964,323)		984,094		(980,229)												
General Receipts:																										
Property taxes										1,745,017		43,916		1,788,933												
Franchise taxes										390,687				390,687												
Miscellaneous										87,858		23,783		111,641												
Total General Revenues										2,223,562		67,699		2,291,261												
Transfers										95,590		(95,590)		-												
Change in net Postion										354,829		956,203		1,311,032												
Net position, July 1, 2015										4,246,229	3	3,416,162		7,662,391												
Net Position, June 30, 2016										4,601,058		,372,365		8,973,423												

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON

BALANCE SHEET (CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	-	Specie	ıl Revenue	Cap	ital Projects	G	Other	
	General		Street		Street SDC		vernmental Funds	Totals
ASSETS	 							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,738,588		556,206		542,296		869,693	\$ 4,706,783
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Deposits	\$ 105,725	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 105,725
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Capital Projects							128,387	128,387
Committed for								
Unemployment	70,158							70,158
Capital Projects					542,296		423,127	965,423
Special Revenue			556,206				318,179	874,385
Unassigned	 2,562,705							 2,562,705
Total Fund Balances	2,632,863		556,206		542,296		869,693	4,601,058
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,738,588	\$	556,206	\$	542,296	\$	869,693	\$ 4,706,783

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-(CASH BASIS) – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General		Street		Street SDC		Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Totals		
REVENUES											
Taxes and assessments	\$	1,745,017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,745,017	
Licenses and permits		413,595		37,131		250,898		284,144		985,768	
Charges for services		235,334		-		-		28,354		263,688	
Intergovernmental		207,626		394,586		-		3,986		606,198	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous		60,811		5,200		3,261		19,896		89,168	
Total Revenues		2,662,383		436,917		254,159		336,380		3,689,839	
EXPENDITURES											
General government		469,378				-		191,496		660,874	
Court and police		1,630,255				-		-		1,630,255	
Highways and streets		-		339,825		-		8,304		348,129	
Culture and recreation		251,943		,		-		7,506		259,449	
Community development		117,549				-		-		117,549	
Capital outlay		194,639		5,900		-		19,645		220,184	
Debt service		26,975		_		56,213		110,972		194,160	
Total Expenditures		2,690,739		345,725		56,213		337,923		3,430,600	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(28,356)		91,192		197,946		(1,543)		259,239	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Loan Proceeds		-				-		-		-	
Transfers in		353,483		-		-		404,000		757,483	
Transfers out		(522,628)		(106,977)		(6,792)		(25,496)		(661,893)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(169,145)		(106,977)		(6,792)		378,504		95,590	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(197,501)		(15,785)		191,154		376,961		354,829	
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		2,830,364		571,991		351,142		492,732		4,246,229	
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	2,632,863	\$	556,206	\$	542,296	\$	869,693	\$	4,601,058	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – (CASH BASIS) – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2016

	 Water Utility	И	Vaste Water Utility	W	aste Water SDC	Other siness-type Funds	 Totals
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,170,756		1,103,174		585,451	636,279	\$ 4,495,660
LIABILITIES Deposits	 123,295					 	 123,295
NET POSITION Restricted Unrestricted	2,047,461		1,103,174		585,451	636,279	1,221,730 3,150,635
Total Net Position	\$ 2,047,461	\$	1,103,174	\$	585,451	\$ 636,279	\$ 4,372,365

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -

(CASH BASIS) – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Water Utility	Waste Water Utility	Waste Water SDC	Other Business-type Funds	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES					
Taxes and assessments	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,916	\$ 43,916
Licenses and permits	38,304	34,205	-	185,831	258,340
Charges for services	1,833,928	1,500,133	79,352	182,890	3,596,303
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	74,454	74,454
Miscellaneous	23,111	8,717	3,821	2,920	38,569
Total Operating Receipts	1,895,343	1,543,055	83,173	490,011	4,011,582
OPERATING EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	624,967	608,207	-	-	1,233,174
Materials and services	298,914	404,948	-	25,334	729,196
Capital outlay	162,675	42,181	107,254	-	312,110
Total Operating Disbursements	1,086,556	1,055,336	107,254	25,334	2,274,480
OPERATING REVENUES OVER (UNDER) OPERATING EXPENDITURES	808,787	487,719	(24,081)	464,677	1,737,102
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)					
Loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service					
Principal	(62,622)	(117,642)	-	(345,203)	(525,467)
Interest	(36,245)	(13,585)	-	(110,012)	(159,842)
Total Non Operating Receipts					
(Disbursements)	(98,867)	(131,227)	-	(455,215)	(685,309)
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS					
System development revenue		-	-	-	-
Transfers in		-	-	169,353	169,353
Transfers out	(156,794)	(63,101)	(7,458)	(37,590)	(264,943)
NET CHANGES IN POSITION	553,126	293,391	(31,539)	141,225	956,203
NET POSITION, Beginning of year	1,494,335	809,783	616,990	495,054	3,416,162
NET POSITION, End of year	\$ 2,047,461	\$ 1,103,174	\$ 585,451	\$ 636,279	\$ 4,372,365

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City is governed by an elected mayor and six council members who comprise the City Council. The City provides various services as authorized by its charter, including water and sewer utilities.

There are certain governmental agencies and various service districts which provide services within the City. These agencies have independently elected governing boards and the City is not financially accountable for these organizations. Therefore, financial information for these agencies is not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As discussed further under *Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting*, these financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) accepted in the United States of America, established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the cash basis of accounting.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 27 and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 68. GASB Statement No. 68 establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. GASB Statement No. 71 addresses an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of GASB Statement No. 68. Adoption of these statements has no effect on the financial statements of entities using the cash basis of accounting, and therefore does not apply for the City of Scappoose.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis) and the Statement of Activities (Cash Basis).

The Statement of Net Position (Cash Basis) presents all the assets and liabilities of the City, including capital assets and related debt. Net position, representing assets less liabilities, is shown in three components; Investment in capital assets, less related outstanding debt used to acquire them, restricted for special purposes, amounts which must be spent in accordance with legal restrictions, and unrestricted, the amount available for ongoing City activities. In a Cash Basis presentation assets are defined as Cash and Cash equivalents, liabilities are generally only deposits and net assets are the shown as restricted and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities (Cash Basis) demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly

identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program receipts* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Currently, the City has governmental and proprietary type funds. Major individual governmental funds, and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the other supplementary information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, receipts or disbursements of either fund category or the government and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

Basis of Presentation

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - to account for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, licenses and permits, franchise fees and State shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for police protection, insurance and general administration.

Combined with the General Fund are the Unemployment Fund and the Watts House Fund– accounts for unemployment expenditures and repairs and improvement of the Watts House.

Street Fund – accounts for gasoline tax apportionments and expenditures for street improvements.

Street SDC Fund - accounts for the system development charges.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of the specific revenue sources that are either legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the City. The City reports the following non major governmental funds:

PEG Fee Fund – accounts for Public Education Governmental revenue from cable fees and expenditures related to public access and education.

Building Fund - accounts for the operations of the City's building revenue.

Law Enforcement Fund – accounts for municipal court revenues assessed for the purpose of law enforcement activities.

Recreation Reserve Fund – accounts for revenue and future construction of the City's pool.

Foot Path and Bike Trails Fund – accounts for 1% of gasoline tax and improvements to foot path and bike trails.

Parks SDC Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements associated with parks capital projects.

The proprietary funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the sewer and water systems. These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Utility Fund - to account for the operation of the City's water system.

Wastewater Utility Fund - to account for the operation of the City's sewer system.

Wastewater SDC Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements associated with sewer capital projects.

The City reports the following non major proprietary funds:

Storm Drain Fund - to account for the operation of the City's storm drain system.

Storm Drain SDC Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements associated with storm drain capital projects.

Water SDC Fund - to account for receipts and disbursements associated with water capital projects.

Airpark Water Line - to accounts for receipts and disbursements associated with capital project.

G O Bond Water-Sewer Fund - to account for revenue applicable to the retirement of bonds and related interest.

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Governmental Fund type fund balances are reported in the following classifications.

Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaid and deposits, and assets held for resale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund balance is reported as committed when the City Council takes formal action that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.

Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. The City's Finance Director uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unrestricted for presentation in the City's Annual Financial Report.

Unrestricted fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. In addition, certain Special Revenue Funds are reported as part of the General Fund because their source of funds is primarily transfers from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital equipment and facilities.

The City adopted the provisions of GASB Statement #54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Types Definitions*. Among the changes required is that Special Revenue Funds whose primary source of funding is transfers from the General Fund be reported as part of the General Fund. Therefore, in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, the Unemployment Fund and the Watts Fund has been combined with the General Fund.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are presented on a cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include:

1. Interfund receivables and payables that are temporary borrowing and result from transactions involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.

2. Assets that normally convert to cash or cash equivalents (e.g., certificates of deposit, external cash pools, and marketable investments) that arise from transactions and events involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.

3. Liabilities for cash (or cash equivalents) held on behalf of others or held in escrow are recognized.

The cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods and services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value. Additionally, capital assets such as property and equipment, and long-term liabilities such as debt are only reported in the notes to the financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for the governmental funds would use the accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for the enterprise funds would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's policy, although not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, is acceptable under Oregon Law (ORS 294.333), which leaves the selection of the method of accounting to the discretion of the municipal corporation.

Enterprise funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses and nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services to customers in connection with ongoing utility operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for service. Operating expenses include payroll and related costs, and materials and supplies. All revenues not considered operating are reported as nonoperating items.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reporting amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. Actual results may differ from such estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City maintains cash in a common pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as cash and cash equivalents. The City considers cash on hand, demand deposits and savings accounts, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash and cash equivalents.

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, among others.

For the purpose of financial reporting, cash and cash equivalents includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments in the Local Governmental Investment Pool are stated at cost, which approximates fair value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the County Assessor and collected by the County tax collector. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1. They may be paid in three installments payable in equal payments due November 15, February 15, and May 15. The City's property tax collection records show that most of the property taxes due are collected during the year of levy and delinquent taxes are collected in the next few years.

Capital Assets

Capital assets (items costing more than \$5,000 and lasting more than one year) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities in the notes to the financial statements. In the fund statements, capital assets are charged as expenditures as purchased. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost where records are available. Donated assets are not recorded. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Replacements which improve or extend the lives of property are capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated unless they are inexhaustible in nature (e.g., land and right-of-ways). Depreciation is an accounting process to allocate the cost of capital assets in a systematic and rational manner to those periods expected to benefit from the use of capital assets. Depreciation is not intended to represent an estimate in the decline of fair market value, nor are capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, intended to represent an estimate of the current condition of the assets, or the maintenance requirements needed to maintain the assets at their current level of condition.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of the various categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	30 - 40 years
Water and Sewer Systems	20 - 50 years
Infrastructure	20 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 30 years

Upon disposal of capital assets, cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is presented only in the notes to the financial statements. Payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures/expenses when paid.

Use of Restricted Assets

When expenditures/expenses are paid for purposes in which both net position - restricted and net position - unrestricted are available, the City deems net position - restricted to be spent first.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid vacation pay is not accrued. Earned but unpaid sick pay is recorded as an expenditure when paid.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts the budget on an object (personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt service) basis, therefore, disbursements of a specific object may not legally exceed that object's appropriation. The City Council may amend the budget to expend unforeseen receipts by supplemental appropriations. All supplemental appropriations are included in the budget comparison statements. Appropriations lapse at year-end and may not be carried over. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

CASH

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2016:

	Carrying Value		Fair Value	
Cash				
Petty cash	\$	400	\$	400
Cash in checking		414,092		414,092
Restricted cash-deposits for business activities		123,295		123,295
Cash deposits		105,725		105,725
Investments				-
Local Government Investment Pool		8,558,931		8,558,931
	\$	9,202,443	\$	9,202,443

Deposits

At year end, the book balance of the City's bank deposits (checking) was \$414,093 and the bank balance was \$545,701. The difference is due to transactions in process. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all non-interest bearing accounts and the aggregate of all interest bearing accounts at each institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are signed to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. As of June 30, 2016, none of the City's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as the balances are under FDIC insurance limits.

Investments

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2016, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State

CASH (continued)

Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The investment in the Oregon Short-Term Fund is not rated for credit quality. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-Term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments through use of the Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial Risk - Investments

For an investment, there is the risk that, in the event of a counterparty failure, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty. The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-loan, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The summary of capital assets for the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2015	Additions	Retire	ements	Balances June 30, 2016
NON-DEPRECIABLE					
Land	\$ 389,036	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 389,036
Construction in progress	 -			-	\$ -
Total Non-depreciable	389,036	-		-	389,036
DEPRECIABLE					
Buildings and improvements	4,809,739			-	4,809,739
Equipment	1,989,290	10,000		-	1,999,290
Vehicles	273,771	4,500		-	278,271
Water and sewer systems	19,194,658	297,610		-	19,492,268
	 26,267,458	 312,110		-	 26,579,568
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION					
Buildings and improvements	(2,733,331)	(117,896)		-	(2,851,227)
Equipment	(1,910,118)	(15,063)		-	(1,925,181)
Vehicles	(193,438)	(20,983)		-	(214,421)
Water and sewer systems	 (7,365,071)	 (376,696)		-	 (7,741,767)
	 (12,201,958)	 (530,638)		-	 (12,732,596)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 14,454,536	\$ (218,528)	\$		\$ 14,236,008

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The changes in the capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

		Balances July 1, 2015		Additions	Retire	ments		Balances June 30, 2016
NON-DEPRECIABLE Land	\$	1,765,116	\$		\$		\$	1,765,116
Construction in process	φ	1,705,110	φ		φ	-	Φ	1,705,110
Constitución in process		1,765,116		-		-		1,765,116
DEPRECIABLE								
Buildings		3,517,350		50,000		-		3,567,350
Equipment		417,276		169,283		-		586,559
Vehicles		649,591		900		-		650,491
Infrastructure		61,809,757				-		61,809,757
Total depreciable		66,393,974		220,183		-		66,614,157
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION								
Buildings		(1,361,411)		(89,333)		-		(1,450,744)
Equipment		(301,951)		(34,233)		-		(336,184)
Vehicles		(499,210)		(52,160)				(551,370)
Infrastructure		(42,245,360)		(1,610,031)		-		(43,855,391)
Total accumulated depreciation		(44,407,932)		(1,785,757)		-		(46,193,689)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	23,751,158	\$	(1,565,574)	\$	-	\$	22,185,584

LONG-TERM DEBT

As a result of the use of the cash basis of accounting in this report, obligations related to long-term debt and other obligations are not reported as liabilities in the financial statements. Long-term debt transactions for the year were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2015	Issued	Matured/ Redeemed During Year	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Crown Zellerbach	179,289	-	49,041	130,248	51,003
US National Bank	669,285	-	95,612	573,673	95,612
	848,574	-	144,653	703,921	146,615
Capital leases payable	93,578		21,407	72,171	22,681
	942,152	-	166,060	776,092	169,296

	Outstanding July 1, 2015	Issued	Forgiven/ Discounted	Matured/ Redeemed During Year	Outstanding June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Business-type Activities						
Airpark Notes Payable	114,378	-	-	54,429	59,949	59,949
Airpark Notes Payable	57,154	-	-	27,745	29,409	29,409
Airpark Notes Payable	90,206	-	-	29,823	60,383	30,065
Water GO Bonds	194,918	-	-	39,219	155,699	41,091
Safe Drinking Water notes	921,656	-	-	47,522	874,134	49,271
WTP phase I & 2 notes	1,162,835	-	-	66,532	1,096,303	72,005
Safe Drinking Water notes	2,856,086	-	-	129,241	2,726,845	130,533
Wastewater DEQ Loan	273,441	-	-	17,642	255,799	17,642
Wastewater US Bank Loan	600,000	-		100,000	500,000	100,000
	6,270,674	-	-	512,153	5,758,521	529,965
Capital leases payable	63,788	-		15,100	48,688	15,651
	6,334,462	-		527,253	5,807,209	545,616

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

U S Bank – On June 13th 2014, the City entered into a contract with US Bank to borrow \$764,897 for the purpose of refinancing the Veteran Park property and the Aquatics and Community Center property. The interest rate is 2.38%. The repayment source will be the Pool Fund and the Parks SDC Fund. The loan requires semi-annual principal and interest payments due in December and June for the next eight years with the balance to be paid in full on June 13, 2022.

Crown Zellerbach – On November 8, 2002, the City entered into a contract with the State of Oregon's, Department of Transportation to construct a roadway with a traffic signal and a signalized railroad crossing for US 30 to West Lane to improve truck access on to Crown Zellerbach Road. The total estimate project cost of \$2,562,850 consisted of Oregon Transportation Investment (OTIA) grants \$1,782,850 and the City's matching fund of \$780,000. To cover this matching amount the City made a loan agreement with the principal amount of \$625,000 (interest rate 4%) with Oregon Department of Transportation on August 28, 2003.

Airpark Water Improvement Loans – The City entered into loan contracts with the Oregon Economic Development Department to extend water to the Scappoose Airport project. The loans are payable from Water and Sewer SDC charges. The loans were issued in Sept 1997 and in July and Sept of 1998. The interest rate is 6% and the loans mature in 2017 and 2018.

Water General Obligation Bonds- The City issued general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of utility systems. The interest rate is 5%. The water bonds mature in 2019.

WTP Phase 1 & 2 and Safe Drinking Water Project Loan – On December 4, 2002, the City entered into a contract with Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD) for water system improvement projects phase 1 & 2. Total estimated costs for both projects are \$6,974,000 which consists of water grants \$500,000, a water loan \$1,814,000 (interest rate 4.4%), a Safe Drinking water revolving loan \$4,000,000 (interest 1%), including a forgivable note of \$250,000 and the City's matching funds of \$660,000. The loans mature in 2028 and 2034.

Dutch Canyon Waterline loan is at 3.68% interest. This project was contingent and part of the financing of the WTP Phase 1 & 2. Upon completion of the WTP Phase 1 & 2 project the Dutch Canyon water line was constructed. The loan matures in 2029.

Clean Water DEQ Bond – The City entered into a contract in 2010 for the purpose of construction pump and filter upgrades for the Waste Water Treatment Plant and Springlake Park Pump Station. The loan amount is \$705,660, and the interest rate is 0%. The loan has a provision of 50% loan forgiveness referred to as the "ARRA Forgivable Loan" if the project is completed in compliance and there is no default of terms. The loan matures in 2031.

U S Bank – On December 2013 the City entered in to a loan agreement to funds movement of the waste water line located on JP West Road. Columbia County constructed a new, wider bridge, which required our waste water line to be relocated. The loan amount is \$700,000, the interest rate is 2.47%. The agreement requires semi-annual principal and interest payments due December and June for 7 years, the balance will be paid in full 2020.

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future debt service requirements are as follows:

June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2017		146,615	18,295	164,910
2018		148,655	13,979	162,634
2019		121,814	9,580	131,394
2020		95,612	6,258	101,870
2021		95,612	3,982	99,594
2022		95,613	1,708	97,321
		703,921	53,802	757,723
Business-type Activities		,	,	,
Fiscal Year Ending				
June 30,	P	rincipal	Interest	Total
2017		529,965	139,467	669,432
2017 2018		529,965 446,449	139,467 122,291	669,432 568,740
		,	,	,
2018		446,449	122,291	568,740
2018 2019		446,449 426,932	122,291 109,879	568,740 536,811
2018 2019 2020		446,449 426,932 412,142	122,291 109,879 98,891	568,740 536,811 511,033
2018 2019 2020 2021		446,449 426,932 412,142 394,687	122,291 109,879 98,891 85,432	568,740 536,811 511,033 480,119
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022-2026		446,449 426,932 412,142 394,687 1,592,896 #	122,291 109,879 98,891 85,432 303,500	568,740 536,811 511,033 480,119 1,896,396

29

LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

The City has entered into two separate lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of police vehicles and heavy equipment with Ford Financing Motor Credit Company. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes.

CAPITAL LEASES

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	38,332	6,071	44,403
2018	40,252	4,151	44,403
2019	42,274	2,129	44,403
	120,858	12,351	133,209

On November 12, 2007, the City entered into a 5-year lease agreement with Brian Rosenthal to rent office space at 52610 NE 1st Street, Units 120 and 130 in Scappoose, Oregon. On March 1, 2008, the City added Unit 110 at the same address to the lease agreement. In January of 2013 the City signed an extension of lease agreement for an additional 5-years. On March 31, 2016 the City removed Unit 110 at the same address from the lease agreement. Within the next fiscal year, the City intends to sign another extension of the lease for an additional 5-years. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, rent expense was \$42,518.

OFFICE LEASE

Year Ending June 30,	Space 120/130	 Total
2017	32,409	32,409
2018	10,803	10,803
	43,212	 43,212

PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Employees of the City of Scappoose are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

Benefits Provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit ORS Chapter 238

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes

After Retirement Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum

distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation as subsequently modified by 2015 legislated changes in benefit provisions. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2015. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2016 were \$301,313, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The employer contribution rates are updated every two years. The City's PERS contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the rates for the new year are shown below:

	FY 15-16	FY 16-17
Rate Category	Net Rate	Net Rate
Tier 1 / Tier 2	17.95%	17.95%
OPSRP General	11.26%	11.26%
OPSRP Police and Fire	15.37%	15.37%

Actuarial Assumptions

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2015 and effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2017, were set using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015
Experience Study Report	2014, published September 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.75 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.75 percent
Discount Rate	7.75 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.75 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and grade COLA
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000 Sex- distinct, generational per Scale AA, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active Members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary by group, as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (65% for males, 90% for females) of the RP-2000 statistic combined disabled mortality sex-distinct table.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2014 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2014.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Assumed Asset Allocation						
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target				
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%				
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%				
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%				
Private Equity	16.0%	24.0%	20.0%				
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%				
Alternative Equity	0.0%	10.0%	10.0%				
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%				
Total			100.0%				

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
	7.000	1.500/
Core Fixed Income	7.20%	4.50%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.70%
Intermediate -Term Bonds	3.00%	4.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.80%	6.66%
Large Cap US Equities	11.65%	7.20%
Mid Cap US Equities	3.88%	7.30%
Small Cap US Equities	2.27%	7.45%
Developed Foreign Equities	14.21%	6.90%
Emerging Foreign Equities	5.49%	7.40%
Private Equities	20.00%	8.26%
Opportunity Funds/Absolute Return	5.00%	6.01%
Real Estate (Property)	13.75%	6.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.76%
Commodities	1.25%	6.07%
Total	100.00%	

Assumed Inflation - Mean

2.75%

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

• PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.

• The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.

• GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

The Oregon Supreme Court on April 30, 2015, ruled that the provisions of Senate Bill 861, signed into law in October 2013, that limited the post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law was unconstitutional. Benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results

in a 2% increase annually. OPERS will make restoration payments to those benefit recipients.

OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective periods of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire.

This change in benefit terms were reflected in the current valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2015 measurement date.

The City's contributions to PERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016.

Year Ended June 30	Ann Pens (AP	sion Costs	Percentage of APC Contributed			
2013	\$	428,819	100%			
2014	\$	378,434	100%			
2015	\$	343,565	100%			
2016	\$	436,244	100%			

Funding Status: The latest funding status of the City's pension plan is shown below:

PERS Funding Status*

Latest Valuation Date	12/31/2015
Unfunded Acuarial Liability (UAL)	3,938,150
Combined Valuation Payroll	2,049,930
Net UAL as a Percent of Payroll	192%
*per Milliman report dated 12/31/15	

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

	Transfer in		Transfer from	
General Fund	\$	343,483	\$	522,628
Building Fund		-		19,850
Street SDC Fund		-		6,792
Municipal Park Fund		-		-
Street Fund				106,977
Foot Paths and Bike Trail Fund		-		-
Parks SDC Fund		-		5,646
Municipal Skate Park Fund		-		-
PEG Fund		-		-
Municipal Skate Park Fund		-		-
Watts House Fund		10,000		-
Havlik Highway Fund		-		
Unemployment Fund		-		-
Law Enforcement Fund		-		-
Recreation Reserve Fund		404,000		
Water Fund				156,794
Water SDC Fund		94,571		35,886
Dutch Canyon Water Line Fund		-		
Airpark Water Line Fund				
Wastewater Fund		-		63,101
Wastewater SDC Fund		-		7,458
Storm Drain Fund		53,008		-
Storm Drain SDC Fund		_		1,704
Airpark Water Line Fund		21,774		
	\$	926,836	\$	926,836

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that is required by statute or budget to collect them to the fund required by statute or budget to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the collector fund to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

CONTINGENCIES

The City purchases commercial insurance to cover all commonly insurable risks, which includes property damage, liability and employee bonds. Most policies carry a small deductible amount. No insurance claims settled in each of the prior three years have exceeded policy coverage.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO REPORTING FUNDS BALANCE SHEET (CASH BASIS) – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	 Budgetary funds					Total (reported as		
	 General	Unemployment		Watts House		Ge	neral Fund)	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,654,136	\$	70,158	\$	14,294	\$	2,738,588	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities								
Deposits	\$ 105,725					\$	105,725	
Fund Balances								
Committed for:								
Unemployment	-		70,158				70,158	
Unassigned:	 2,548,411				14,294		2,562,705	
Total Fund Balances	 2,548,411		70,158		14,294		2,632,863	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,654,136	\$	70,158	\$	14,294	\$	2,738,588	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY TO REPORTING FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-(CASH BASIS) GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	B udgetary funds							Total (reported as		
		General Unemployme						neral Fund)		
REVENUES	_									
Taxes and assessments	\$	1,745,017					\$	1,745,017		
Licenses and permits		413,595						413,595		
Charges for services		235,334						235,334		
Intergovernmental		187,626				20,000		207,626		
Miscellaneous		60,283		432		96		60,811		
Total Revenues		2,641,855		432		20,096		2,662,383		
EXPENDITURES										
General government		463,190		-		6,188		469,378		
Court and police		1,630,255						1,630,255		
Community services & development		117,549						117,549		
Culture and recreation		251,943						251,943		
Capital outlay		144,639				50,000		194,639		
Debt service		26,975						26,975		
Total Expenditures		2,634,551		-		56,188		2,690,739		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)										
EXPENDITURES		7,304		432		(36,092)		(28,356)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		343,483		-		10,000		353,483		
Transfers out		(522,628)		-		-		(522,628)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(179,145)		-		10,000		(169,145)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(171,841)		432		(26,092)		(197,501)		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		2,720,252		69,726		40,386		2,830,364		
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	2,548,411	\$	70,158	\$	14,294	\$	2,632,863		

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CASH BASIS) -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue							
		Building Peg Fee				Law Forcement		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	141,252		136,874		40,053		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BAI	LANCES	S						
Liabilities		-	\$	-	\$	-		
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Capital Projects								
Special Revenue								
Committed for								
Capital Projects								
Special Revenue		141,252		136,874		40,053		
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	141,252	\$	136,874	\$	40,053		

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CASH BASIS) -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Recreation Reserve		Bike Trails		Parks SDC		Totals	
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	423,127		28,748		99,639	\$	869,693
LIABILITIES AND FUND BA	ALANC	CES						
Liabilities		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Capital Projects				28,748		99,639		128,387
Special Revenue								-
Committed for								-
Capital Projects		423,127						423,127
Special Revenue								318,179
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	423,127	\$	28,748	\$	99,639	\$	869,693

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

_	Special Revenue							
		Building	PEG Fee		En	Law forcement		
REVENUES	¢	227 201	¢		¢			
Licenses and permits Charges for services	\$	227,291	\$	- 9,404	\$	- 18,950		
Intergovernmental		_		-		-		
Miscellaneous		16,330		842		219		
Total Revenues		243,621		10,246		19,169		
EXPENDITURES								
Current operating		-						
General government		191,496		-		-		
Highways and streets Culture and recreation		-		- 7,506		8,304		
Capital outlay		2,000		7,500		13,520		
Debt service		-		-		-		
Total Expenditures		193,496		7,506		21,824		
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		50,125		2,740		(2,655)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)							
Transfers in		-		-		-		
Transfers out		(19,850)		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(19,850)		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		30,275		2,740		(2,655)		
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		110,977		134,134		42,708		
FUND BALANCES, End of year		141,252	\$	136,874	\$	40,053		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		ecreation Reserve	Foot Paths & Bicycle Trails	Parks SDC	Totals
REVENUES					
Licenses and permits	\$	-	-	56,853	\$ 284,144
Charges for services		-	-	-	28,354
Intergovernmental		-	3,986	-	3,986
Miscellaneous		1,680	168	657	19,896
Total Revenues		1,680	4,154	57,510	 336,380
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating					
General government		-	-	-	191,496
Highways and streets		-	-	-	8,304
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	7,506
Capital outlay		-	4,125	-	19,645
Debt service		66,523	-	44,449	 110,972
Total Expenditures		66,523	4,125	44,449	 337,923
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES		(64,843)	29	13,061	(1,543)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US)	ES)				
Transfers in	-	404,000	-	-	404,000
Transfers out		-	-	(5,646)	 (25,496
Total Other Financing Sources (Use	s)	404,000	-	(5,646)	 378,504
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	ł	339,157	29	7,415	376,961
FUND BALANCES, Beginning of year		83,970	28,719	92,224	492,732
FUND BALANCES, End of year	\$	423,127	28,748	99,639	\$ 869,693

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

	Budget	ed Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 1,684,568	1,684,568	\$ 1,745,017	\$ 60,449
Licenses and permits	414,300	414,300	413,595	(705)
Charges for services	255,250	255,250	235,334	(19,916)
Intergovernmental	150,098	150,098	187,626	37,528
Miscellaneous	53,400	53,400	60,283	6,883
Total Receipts	2,557,616	2,557,616	2,641,855	84,239
EXPENDITURES				
General government	663,510	663,510	463,190	200,320
Police and court	1,779,599	1,779,599	1,630,255	149,344
Culture and recreation	321,304	321,304	251,943	69,361
Community development	141,589	141,589	117,549	24,040
Capital outlay	147,275	335,725	144,639	191,086
Debt service	26,975	26,975	26,975	-
Contingency	725,804	537,354	-	537,354
Total Disbursements	3,806,056	3,806,056	2,634,551	1,171,505
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				
EXPENDITURES	(1,248,440)	(1,248,440)	7,304	1,255,744
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in	343,483	343,483	343,483	-
Transfers out	(522,629)	(522,629)	(522,628)	1
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(179,146)	(179,146)	(179,145)	1
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,427,586)	(1,427,586)	(171,841)	1,255,745
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	2,527,586	2,527,586	2,720,252	192,666
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 1,100,000	1,100,000	\$ 2,548,411	\$ 1,448,411

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – UNEMPLOYMENT FUND VEAP ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Miscellaneous	\$	250		250	\$ 432		182
Total Receipts		250		250	432		182
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		35,500		35,500	-		35,500
Contingency		24,237		24,237	 -		24,237
Total Disbursements		59,737		59,737	 _		59,737
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(59,487)		(59,487)	432		59,919
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		_		-	 -		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	 -		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(59,487)		(59,487)	432		59,919
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		59,487		59,487	 69,726		10,239
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 70,158	\$	70,158

SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WATTS HOUSE FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	unts				
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	20,000		20,000	\$	20,000		_
Miscellaneous	Ψ	225		225	Ψ	96		(129)
Total Receipts		20,225		20,225		20,096		(129)
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		10,000		10,000		6,188		3,812
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		50,000		-
Contingency		6,775		6,775		-		6,775
Total Disbursements		66,775		66,775		56,188		10,587
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(46,550)		(46,550)		(36,092)		10,458
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,000		10,000		10,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(36,550)		(36,550)		(26,092)		10,458
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		36,550		36,550		40,386		3,836
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,294	\$	14,294

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS)- BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
		Original		Final	 Actual	1	/ariance
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	583,758		583,758	\$ 394,586		(189,172)
Licenses and permits		1,500		1,500	37,131		35,631
Miscellaneous		7,550		7,550	 5,200		(2,350)
Total Receipts		592,808		592,808	436,917		(155,891)
EXPENDITURES							
Personal services		264,838		264,838	241,294		23,544
Materials and services		166,850		166,850	98,531		68,319
Capital outlay		309,433		309,433	5,900		303,533
Debt service		-		-	-		-
Contingency		251,463		251,463	 -		251,463
Total Disbursements		992,584		992,584	 345,725		646,859
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(399,776)		(399,776)	91,192		490,968
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	(S)						
Transfers out		(106,977)		(106,977)	 (106,977)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(106,977)		(106,977)	(106,977)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(506,753)		(506,753)	(15,785)		490,968
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		506,753		506,753	 571,991		65,238
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 556,206	\$	556,206

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STREET SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgete	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$ 135,840	135,840	\$ 250,898	115,058
Miscellaneous	1,850	1,850	3,261	1,411
Total Receipts	137,690	137,690	254,159	116,469
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Debt service	56,213	56,213	56,213	-
Contingency	410,308	410,308	-	410,308
Total Disbursements	466,521	466,521	56,213	410,308
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(328,831)	(328,831)	197,946	526,777
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(6,792)	(6,792)	(6,792)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,792)	(6,792)	(6,792)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(335,623)	(335,623)	191,154	526,777
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	335,623	335,623	351,142	15,519
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 542,296	\$ 542,296

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUILDING FUND

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	Original		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES						
Licenses and permits	\$ 200,000		200,000	\$ 227,291		27,291
Miscellaneous	25,475		25,475	16,330		(9,145)
Total Receipts	 225,475		225,475	 243,621		18,146
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	184,531		184,531	159,879		24,652
Materials and services	51,452		51,452	31,617		19,835
Capital outlay	2,000		2,000	2,000		-
Contingency	 43,258		43,258	 -		43,258
Total Disbursements	 281,241		281,241	193,496		87,745
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(55,766)		(55,766)	50,125		105,891
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		-	-		-
Transfers out	 (19,850)		(19,850)	 (19,850)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (19,850)		(19,850)	 (19,850)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(75,616)		(75,616)	30,275		105,891
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	75,616		75,616	 110,977		35,361
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 141,252	\$	141,252

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PEG FEE FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
	0	Priginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	9,600		9,600	\$ 9,404		(196)
Miscellaneous		650		650	 842		192
Total Receipts		10,250		10,250	10,246		(4)
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		37,600		37,600	7,506		30,094
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Contingency		102,393		102,393	 -		102,393
Total Disbursements		139,993		139,993	 7,506		132,487
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(129,743)		(129,743)	 2,740		132,483
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(129,743)		(129,743)	2,740		132,483
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		129,743		129,743	 134,134		4,391
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 136,874	\$	136,874

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – LAW ENFORCEMENT FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			
	(Driginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	10,000		10,000	\$ 18,950		8,950
Miscellaneous		190		190	 219		29
Total Receipts		10,190		10,190	19,169		8,979
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		10,000		10,000	8,304		1,696
Capital outlay		14,400		14,400	13,520		880
Debt service		-		-			-
Contingency		25,390		25,390	 -		25,390
Total Disbursements		49,790		49,790	 21,824		27,966
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(39,600)		(39,600)	 (2,655)		36,945
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(39,600)		(39,600)	(2,655)		36,945
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		39,600		39,600	 42,708		3,108
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 40,053	\$	40,053

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – RECREATION RESERVE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Variance **REVENUES** Miscellaneous \$ 500 500 \$ 1,680 1,180 Total Receipts 500 500 1,680 1,180 **EXPENDITURES** Materials and services _ Capital outlay Debt service 66,523 66,523 66,523 Contingency 421,991 421,991 421,991 _ Total Disbursements 488,514 488,514 66,523 421,991 **REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (488,014)423,171 (488,014)(64, 843)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers in 404,000 404,000 404,000 Transfers out 421,991 404,000 404,000 404,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (84,014) (84,014) 339,157 423,171 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year 84,014 84,014 83,970 (44) FUND BALANCE, End of year \$ \$ \$ 423,127 \$ 423,127

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FOOT PATH & BIKE TRAILS FUND VEAP ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	3,468		3,468	\$ 3,986		518
Miscellaneous		135		135	 168		33
Total Receipts		3,603		3,603	4,154		551
EXPENDITURES							
Materials and services		6,000		6,000	-		6,000
Capital outlay		4,500		4,500	4,125		375
Contingency		20,277		20,277	 -		20,277
Total Disbursements		30,777		30,777	 4,125		26,652
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)				(05.15.4)	20		27.202
EXPENDITURES		(27,174)		(27,174)	 29		27,203
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(27,174)		(27,174)	29		27,203
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		27,174		27,174	 28,719		1,545
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 28,748	\$	28,748

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARKS SDC FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Licenses and permits	\$ 112,920	112,920	\$ 56,853	(56,067)
Miscellaneous	400	400	657	257
Total Receipts	113,320	113,320	57,510	(55,810)
EXPENDITURES				
Debt service	44,449	44,449	44,449	-
Contingency	156,389	156,389	-	156,389
Total Disbursements	200,838	200,838	44,449	156,389
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(87,518)	(87,518)	13,061	100,579
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(5,646)	(5,646)	(5,646)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,646)	(5,646)	(5,646)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(93,164)	(93,164)	7,415	100,579
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	93,164	93,164	92,224	(940)
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 99,639	\$ 99,639

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (CASH BASIS) -NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2016

		Storm Drain	Storm ain SDC	Water SDC	Airpark ater Line	G.O. er-Sewer		Totals
ASSETS	¢	6 40 4	226 200	154 707	66 700	10 7 7	¢	405.054
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,494	226,298	154,787	66,708	40,767	\$	495,054
LIABILITIES NET POSTION:			 	 	 	 		
Restricted		112,478	 282,610	 65,301	 141,892	 33,998		636,279
Total net position	\$	112,478	\$ 282,610	\$ 65,301	\$ 141,892	\$ 33,998	\$	636,279

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(CASH BASIS) - NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Storm Drain		Storm ain SDC		Water SDC		lirpark uter Line		G.O. er-Sewer	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES Taxes and assessments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	43,916	\$ 43,916
Licenses and permits Charges for services Intergovernmental	·	78,072	·	56,246 - -	·	129,585	·	- 104,818 74,454	·		185,831 182,890 74,454
Fines and forfeitures Miscellaneous		238		- 1,770		393		367		152	 2,920
Total Operating Revenues		78,310		58,016		129,978		179,639		44,068	490,011
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS											
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay		25,334		- -		- -		- -		- -	25,334
Total Operating Disbursements		25,334		-		-		-		-	25,334
OPERATING RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER)	1										
OPERATINGDISBURSEMENTS		52,976		58,016		129,978		179,639		44,068	464,677
NON OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)											
Debt proceeds Debt service		-		-		-		-		-	-
Principal Interest		-		-		195,773 82,376		111,997 14,232		37,433 13,404	345,203 110,012
Total Non Operating Revenus (Expenses) INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		-		_		278,149		126,229		50,837	455,215
Transfers in Transfers out		53,008		(1,704)		94,571 (35,886)		21,774		-	 169,353 (37,590)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		105,984		56,312		(89,486)		75,184		(6,769)	141,225
NET POSITION, Beginning of the year		6,494		226,298		154,787		66,708		40,767	 495,054
NET POSITION, End of the year	\$	112,478	\$	282,610	\$	65,301	\$	141,892	\$	33,998	\$ 636,279

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STORM DRAINAGE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts								
		ginal	Final		Actual		Variance		
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$				\$	78,072		78,072	
Miscellaneous		35		35		238		203	
Total Receipts		35		35		78,310		78,275	
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and services		59,108		59,108		25,334		33,774	
Contingency		426		426		-		426	
Total Disbursements		59,534		59,534		25,334		34,200	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(59,499)		(59,499)		52,976		112,475	
Transfers in Transfers out		53,008		53,008		53,008		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		53,008		53,008		53,008		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE,		(6,491)		(6,491)		105,984		112,475	
Beginning of year		6,491		6,491		6,494		3	
FUND BALANCE,				- 7		- / -			
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	112,478	\$	112,478	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STORM DRAINAGE SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Variance Actual **REVENUES** 34,080 Licenses and permits \$ 34.080 \$ 56,246 22,166 Miscellaneous 1,075 1,075 1,770 695 Total Receipts 58,016 22,861 35,155 35,155 **EXPENDITURES** Capital outlay 25,000 25,000 25,000 -Contingency 231,361 231,361 231,361 _ Total Disbursements 256,361 256,361 256,361 -**REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (221, 206)(221, 206)58,016 279,222 **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** (1,704)Transfers out (1,704)(1,704)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (1,704)(1,704)(1,704)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (222,910) (222, 910)56,312 279,222 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year 222,910 222,910 226,298 3,388 FUND BALANCE, End of year \$ \$ \$ 282,610 \$ 282,610

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WATER SDC FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Driginal		Final		Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES								
Licenses and permits	\$	282,240		282,240	\$	129,585		(152,655)
Miscellaneous		600		600		393		(207)
		282,840	-	282,840		129,978		(152,862)
Total Receipts								
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Debt service		278,149		278,149		278,149		-
Contingency		227,899		227,899		-		227,899
Total Disbursements		506,048		506,048		278,149		227,899
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(223,208)		(223,208)		(148,171)		75,037
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		94,571		94,571		94,571		-
Transfers out		(35,886)		(35,886)		(35,886)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		58,685		58,685		58,685		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(164,523)		(164,523)		(89,486)		75,037
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year		164,523		164,523		154,787		(9,736)
FUND BALANCE,								
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	65,301	\$	65,301

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – AIRPARK WATER LINE FUND

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	 			
	(Original		Final	 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$				\$			
Licenses and permits								
Charges for services					104,818			
Intergovernmental	\$	74,455		74,455	\$ 74,454		(1)	
Fines and forfeitures							-	
Miscellaneous		250		250	 367		117	
Total Receipts		74,705		74,705	179,639		104,934	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service		126,229		126,229	126,229		-	
Contingency		36,986		36,986	 -		36,986	
Total Disbursements		163,215		163,215	 126,229		36,986	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(88,510)		(88,510)	53,410		141,920	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	5)							
Transfers in		21,774		21,774	 21,774		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		21,774		21,774	21,774		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(66,736)		(66,736)	75,184		141,920	
FUND BALANCE,								
Beginning of year		66,736		66,736	 66,708	1	(28)	
FUND BALANCE,								
End of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 141,892	\$	141,892	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GO WATER- WASTEWATER BOND FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts							
	0	Driginal	Final			Actual	Variance	
REVENUES								
Taxes and assessments	\$	41,951		41,951	\$	43,916	1,965	
Miscellaneous		110		110		152	42	
Total Receipts		42,061		42,061		44,068	2,007	
EXPENDITURES								
Debt service		50,837		50,837		50,837	-	
Contingency		1,984		1,984		-	1,984	
Total Disbursements		52,821		52,821		50,837	1,984	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(10,760)		(10,760)		(6,769)	3,991	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE FUND BALANCE,		(10,760)		(10,760)		(6,769)	3,991	
Beginning of year		40,760		40,760		40,767	7	
FUND BALANCE,						·		
End of year	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	33,998	3,998	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual		
REVENUES					
Licenses and permits	\$ 3,200	3,200	\$ 38,304	35,104	
Charges for services	1,665,500	1,665,500	1,833,928	168,428	
Miscellaneous	6,500	6,500	23,111	16,611	
Total Receipts	1,675,200	1,675,200	1,895,343	220,143	
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	664,327	664,327	624,967	39,360	
Materials and services	474,412	474,412	298,914	175,498	
Capital outlay	359,500	359,500	162,675	196,825	
Debt service	98,867	98,867	98,867	-	
Contingency	622,148	622,148		622,148	
Total Disbursements	2,219,254	2,219,254	1,185,423	1,033,831	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(544,054)	(544,054)	709,920	1,253,974	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out	(156,794)	(156,794)	(156,794)	_	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(156,794)	(156,794)	(156,794)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(700,848)	(700,848)	553,126	1,253,974	
FUND BALANCE,	(700,848)	(700,848)	555,120	1,233,974	
Beginning of year	1,400,848	1,400,848	1,494,335	93,487	
FUND BALANCE,	1,100,010	1,100,010	1,121,000	,107	
End of year	\$ 700,000	\$ 700,000	\$ 2,047,461	\$ 1,347,461	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WASTEWATER FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budget	ed Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	
REVENUES					
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,000	2,000	\$ 34,205	32,205	
Charges for services	1,067,500	1,067,500	1,500,133	432,633	
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	8,717	4,717	
Total Receipts	1,073,500	1,073,500	1,543,055	469,555	
EXPENDITURES					
Personal services	650,678	650,678	608,207	42,471	
Materials and services	629,691	629,691	404,948	224,743	
Capital outlay	340,000	340,000	42,181	297,819	
Debt service	131,227	131,227	131,227	-	
Contingency	23,819	23,819	-	23,819	
Total Disbursements	1,775,415	1,775,415	1,186,563	588,852	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)					
EXPENDITURES	(701,915) (701,915)	356,492	1,058,407	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Loan Proceeds	-	-	-		
Transfers out	(63,101) (63,101)	(63,101)	-	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(63,101) (63,101)	(63,101)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(765,016) (765,016)	293,391	1,058,407	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	765,016	765,016	809,783	44,767	
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$-	\$ -	\$ 1,103,174	\$ 1,103,174	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CASH BASIS) - BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WASTEWATER SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgeted Amounts Original Final Actual Variance **REVENUES** \$ Licenses and permits \$ 149,160 149,160 79,352 (69,808)Miscellaneous 2,900 2,900 3,821 921 Total Receipts 152,060 152,060 83,173 (68, 887)**EXPENDITURES** Capital outlay 650,000 650,000 107,254 542,746 Contingency 100,532 100,532 100,532 -Total Disbursements 750,532 750,532 107,254 643,278 **REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES** (598,472) (24,081) 574,391 (598,472) **OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** Transfers out (7, 458)(7, 458)(7, 458)Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (7, 458)(7, 458)(7, 458)NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (605, 930)(605, 930)(31, 539)574,391 FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year 605,930 605,930 616,990 11,060 FUND BALANCE, End of year \$ \$ \$ 585,451 \$ 585,451 -

OTHER SCHEDULES

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Tax Year	Uncollected Balances Tax Year July 1, 2015		2014-2015 Levy		Interest, iscounts & djustments	 Turnovers	Uncollected Balances June 30, 2016	
2015	\$	60,093	\$ 1,827,995	\$	(114,979)	\$ (1,714,156)	\$	58,953
2014		30,184	-		31,468	(31,039)		30,613
2013		19,811	-		12,508	(17,755)		14,564
2012		4,110	-		18,464	(16,083)		6,491
2011		3,126	-		2,265	(6,583)		(1,192)
2010		2,220	-		1,253	(1,736)		1,737
2009		1,007	-		1,462	(1,219)		1,250
2008		768	-		218	(142)		844
Prior Years		1,645	-		760	(231)		2,174
Total	\$	122,964	 1,827,995		(46,581)	 (1,788,944)		115,434

Schedule of Property Tax Transactions

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				Outstanding				Outstanding
	Interest	Date of	Fiscal Year	July 1,		Reedemed/		June 30,
	Rates	Issue	of Maturity	2015	Issued	Refinanced	Paid	2016
PRINCIPAL TRANSACTIONS								
General Obligations								
Crown Zellerbach	4.00%	2002	2019	179,289	-	-	49,041	130,248
US Bank	2.38%	2014	2022	669,285	-	-	95,612	573,673
Enterprise Obligations								
Airpark Notes Payable	5.33%	1998	2017	114,378	-	-	54,429	59,949
Airpark Notes Payable	6.00%	1997	2017	57,154	-	-	27,745	29,409
Airpark Notes Payable	4.74%	1998	2018	90,206	-	-	29,823	60,383
Water GO Bonds	5.00%	1979	2020	194,918	-	-	39,219	155,699
Safe Drinking Water Revolving	3.68%	2010	2031	921,656	-	-	47,522	874,134
WTP phase I & 2 notes	4.43%	2002	2028	1,162,835	-	-	66,532	1,096,303
Safe Drinking Water notes	1.00%	2004	2034	2,856,086	-	-	129,241	2,726,845
Wastewater DEQ Loan	0.00%	2011	2031	273,441		-	17,642	255,799
Wastewater US Bank Loan	2.47%	2014	2020	600,000	-	-	100,000	500,000
				\$ 7,119,248	\$ - \$	- \$	656,806	\$ 6,462,442

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF LONG-TERM DEBT TRANSACTIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Unmatured				Unmatured
	Interest	Date of	Interest	New	Redeemed/	Interest	Interest
	Rates	Issue	July 1, 2015	Issues	Refinanced	Paid	June 30, 2016
INTEREST TRANSACTIONS							
General Obligations							
Crown Zellerbach	4.00%	2002	16,600	-	-	7,172	9,428
US Bank	2.38%	2014	59,734	-	-	15,360	44,374
Enterprise Obligations							
Airpark Notes Payable	5.33%	1998	9,589	-	-	6,291	3,298
Airpark Notes Payable	6.00%	1997	5,194	-	-	3,429	1,765
Airpark Notes Payable	4.74%	1998	9,048	-	-	4,512	4,536
Water GO Bonds	5.00%	1979	38,885	-	-	11,618	27,267
Safe Drinking Water Revolving	3.68%	2010	292,338	-	-	33,917	258,421
WTP phase I & 2 notes	4.43%	2002	417,713	-	-	53,815	363,898
Safe Drinking Water notes	1.00%	2004	310,385	-	-	28,561	281,824
Wastewater DEQ Loan	0.00%	2011	-	-	-	-	-
Wastewater US Bank Loan	2.47%	2014	44,460			13,585	30,875
			\$ 1,203,946	\$ -	\$ -	178,260	1,025,686

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT REQUIREMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE JUNE 30, 2016

Fiscal Year	C	7,11,1,.1					Tatal Conservation			
Ending		rown Zellerbach			US Bank Loan			otal Government		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	
2017	51,003	5,210	56,213	95,612	13,085	108,697	146,615	18,295	164,910	
2018	53,043	3,170	56,213	95,612	10,809	106,421	148,655	13,979	162,634	
2019	26,202	1,048	27,250	95,612	8,532	104,144	121,814	9,580	131,394	
2020			-	95,612	6,258	101,870	95,612	6,258	101,870	
2021			-	95,612	3,982	99,594	95,612	3,982	99,594	
2022			-	95,613	1,708	97,321	95,613	1,708	97,321	
			-	,	*	,	-	-	*	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	· ·									
_	\$ 130,248	\$ 9,428	\$ 139,676	\$ 573,673	\$ 44,374	\$ 618,047	\$ 703,921	\$ 53,802	\$ 757,723	

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT BY ISSUE BUSINESS-TYPE JUNE 30, 2016

 JUNE 30, 2016

 Fiscal Year

Fiscal Year	Water GO Bond		1 0507901	WTD Dhoor	es 1 & 2 #GO 3	2002 (50)	Safa Drimlin	Safe Drinking Water #SO3003 (50)			
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2017	41,091	9,746	50,837	72,005	51,087	123,092	130,533	27,268	157,802		
2018	43,052	7,785	50,837	72,515	48,027	120,542	131,838	25,963	157,802		
2019	45,107	5,730	50,837	78,063	44,854	122,917	133,157	24,645	157,802		
2020	26,449	4,005	30,454	78,650	41,342	119,992	134,488	23,313	157,802		
2021	-	-	-	84,278	37,724	122,002	135,833	21,968	157,802		
2022	-	-	-	89,949	33,763	123,712	137,192	20,610	157,802		
2023	-	-	-	90,659	29,490	120,149	138,563	19,238	157,802		
2024	-	-	-	96,403	25,184	121,587	139,949	17,852	157,802		
2025	-	-	-	102,182	20,605	122,787	141,349	16,453	157,802		
2026	-	-	-	107,998	15,751	123,749	142,762	15,039	157,802		
2027	-	-	-	108,853	10,621	119,474	144,190	13,612	157,802		
2028	-	-	-	114,749	5,450	120,199	145,632	12,170	157,802		
2029	-	-	-	-	-	-	147,088	10,714	157,802		
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	148,559	9,243	157,802		
2031	-	-	-	-	-	-	150,044	7,757	157,802		
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,545	6,257	157,802		
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,060	4,741	157,802		
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,591	3,211	157,802		
2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	156,137	1,665	157,802		
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,336	103	10,439		
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
2041		_	-		_	-	-	-	-		
	155,699	27,266	182,965 -	1,096,304	363,898	1,460,202	2,726,846	281,822	3,008,668		

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT BY ISSUE BUSINESS-TYPE

JUNE 30, 2016

Fiscal Year Ending		irpark Loan (89 DD (\$793K) B			park Loan (89 DD (\$232K) B		Ai 1996 OF	irpark Loan (89 DD (\$400K) B	9) 95010C
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	59,949	3,298	63,247	29,409	1,765	31,174	30,065	3,020	33,085
2018	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,318	1,516	31,834
2019	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2021	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2022	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2023	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2024	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2026	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2027	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2028	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2029	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2041	-		-			-			-
	59,949	3,298	63,247	29,409	1,765	31,174	60,383	4,536	64,919

CITY OF SCAPPOOSE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FUTURE DEBT BY ISSUE BUSINESS-TYPE

JUNE 30, 2016

Fiscal Year Ending		tch Canyon (40 nking Water S0			Wastewater(41) State Revolving	Fund	TI	Wastewater(41) S Bank Sewer Line		Те		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	tal Business-Type Interest	Total
2017	49,271	32,168	81,439	17,642		17,642	100,000	11,115	111,115	529,965	139,467	669,432
2018	51,084	30,355	81,439	17,642	-	17,642	100,000	8,645	108,645	446,449	122,291	568,740
2019	52,964	28,475	81,439	17,642	-	17,642	100,000	6,175	106,175	426,932	109,879	536,811
2020	54,913	26,526	81,439	17,642	-	17,642	100,000	3,705	103,705	412,142	98,891	511,033
2021	56,934	24,505	81,439	17,642	-	17,642	100,000	1,235	101,235	394,687	85,432	480,119
2022	59,029	22,410	81,439	17,642	-	17,642	/	-	-	303,811	76,783	380,594
2023	61,201	20,238	81,439	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	308,065	68,966	377,032
2024	63,453	17,986	81,439	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	317,447	61,022	378,470
2025	65,788	15,651	81,439	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	326,961	52,709	379,670
2026	68,209	13,229	81,438	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	336,611	44,019	380,631
2027	70,719	10,719	81,438	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	341,404	34,952	376,356
2028	73,322	8,117	81,439	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	351,344	25,737	377,081
2029	76,020	5,419	81,439	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	240,750	16,133	256,883
2030	71,227	2,621	73,848	17,642	-	17,642		-	-	237,427	11,864	249,291
2031	-	-	-	8,811	-	8,811		-	-	158,855	7,757	166,613
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	151,545	6,257	157,802
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	153,060	4,741	157,802
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	154,591	3,211	157,802
2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	156,137	1,665	157,802
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,336	103	10,439
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2041	-		-			-			-	-		-
	874,133	258,419	1,132,552	255,799	-	255,799	500,000	30,875	530,875	5,758,522	971,879	6,730,401

REGULATORY SECTION

DENNIS R. CONNER CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT CLATSKANIE, OREGON 97016

AUDITOR'S COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES REQUIRED BY STATE REGULATIONS

To the Mayor and City Council City of Scappoose Scappoose, Oregon

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Scappoose, Oregon (the City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued my report thereon dated December 12, 2016.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

I performed procedures to the extent I considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayment.

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.

Programs funded by outside sources.

Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with my testing, nothing came to my attention that caused me to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-230 (Internal Control)

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider the following deficiencies in the City's internal control to be significant deficiencies:

Inadequate Segregation of Accounting Duties

The City does not have sufficient staff to adequately segregate accounting duties. The City has adopted financial controls that are relevant to smaller governmental units. The City believes there is a substantial cost benefit by not increasing staffing levels at this time. However, the City acknowledges the need for extra vigilance on the part of upper management and the Council.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Council and management of the City and the Oregon Secretary of State, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

mining R Conner

Dennis R. Conner, CPA December 12, 2016