#### **RESOLUTION NO. 22-21**

#### A RESOLUTION ADOPTING PUBLIC CONTRACTING RULES AND PROCEDURES AND REPEALING RESOLUTION NO. 17-12

WHEREAS, the City of Scappoose ("City") is an Oregon municipal corporation which is subject to Oregon's public contracting laws; and

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City serves as the City's Local Contract Review Board ("LCRB"); and

WHEREAS, and the City Council wishes to amend its existing rules to increase the expenditure authority delegated to the City Manager; and

WHEREAS, the City is required to adopt public contracting rules consistent with the revised Public Contracting Code.

#### NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED:

- 1. That, except as otherwise provided herein, the City hereby adopts the Oregon Attorney General's Model Public Contracting Rules ("Model Rules") as the contracting rules for the City, as such Model Rules now exist or are later modified.
- 2. That the City adopts the public contracting rules described in Exhibit A, which is attached to this Resolution and incorporated herein by reference. The Rules described in Exhibit A shall be in addition to, and shall supersede any conflicting provisions in, the Model Rules.
- 3. That the City shall regularly review changes in the Public Contracting Code and the Model Rules to ensure that the Exhibit A Rules are consistent with current law.
- 4. This resolution shall take effect immediately upon adoption.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED on December 5, 2022.

**ATTEST:** 

Susan M. Reeves, MMC, City Recorder

## EXHIBIT A

## PUBLIC CONTRACTING RULES AND PROCEDURES

#### A. Personal Services.

(1) **Definition.** As adopted by the City's Local Contract Review Board in Resolution No. 05-01, "Personal Services" shall be defined to include those services that require specialized technical, creative, professional or communication skills or talents, unique and specialized knowledge, or the exercise of discretionary judgment, and for which the quality of the service depends on attributes that are unique to the service provider. Such services shall include, but are not limited to: architects; engineers; land surveyors; photogrammetrists; transportation planners; attorneys; accountants; auditors; computer programmers; artists; designers; performers; and consultants. The City Manager or designee shall have the authority to determine whether a particular service is a "personal service" under this definition.

(2) Contracts for Personal Services other than Architectural, Engineering and Surveying Services and Related Services. These personal services contracts shall be awarded according to the procedures described in ORS 279B.070. However, by separate resolution, the Local Contract Review Board may authorize certain personal services contracts, or a class of personal services contracts, to be exempted from competitive proposal requirements according to the requirements of ORS 279B.085. Contracts exempted from competitive proposal processes may be awarded by direct appointment. Personal services contracts existing on the effective date of these Rules may be extended by direct appointment.

Contracts for architectural, engineering, land surveying, photogrammetric (3) mapping, transportation planning and related services. A contract for architectural. engineering, land surveying, photogrammetric mapping, transportation planning or related services be entered into by direct appointment if such contract is estimated not to exceed \$100,000 in a calendar year. When the estimated cost of the contract is greater than \$100,000 but does not exceed \$250,000, a contract shall be awarded following a qualifications based selection procedure, except that the City may adjust the procedure to accommodate the city's scope, schedule or objectives for the particular project. When the estimated cost of the contract is greater \$250,000. a contract shall be awarded following a qualifications based selection procedure focusing on the consultant's qualifications for the type of professional service required, taking into account the candidate's specialized experience, capabilities and technical competence; resources; record of past performance, including but not limited to price and cost data from previous projects, quality of work, ability to meet schedules, cost control and contract administration; ownership status and employment practices regarding minority, women and emerging small businesses or historically underutilized businesses; availability to the project locale; familiarity with the project locale; and proposed project management techniques. The City may not solicit or use pricing policies and proposals or other pricing information, including the number of hours proposed for the service required, expenses, hourly rates and overhead, to determine consultant compensation until after the City has selected a qualified professional for award. If the City and the professional are unable to negotiate a reasonable and fair amount of compensation, as determined solely by the City, the City shall, either orally or in writing, formally terminate negotiations with the selected candidate and may then negotiate with the next most qualified candidate. The negotiation process may

continue in this manner through successive candidates until an agreement is reached or the contracting agency terminates the consultant contracting process.

## B. Delegation.

(1) Except as otherwise provided in these rules, the powers and duties of the Local Contract Review Board under the Public Contracting Code must be exercised and performed by the City Council.

(2) Unless expressly limited by the Local Contract Review Board or these Rules, all powers and duties given or assigned to contract agencies by the Public Contracting Code may be exercised or performed by the City Manager or the City Manager's designee, including the authority to enter into emergency contracts pursuant to ORS 279B.080.

(3) All contracts estimated to cost more than \$75,000 in a calendar year must be approved by City Council. All public contracts estimated to cost \$75,000 or less in a calendar year may be entered into by the City Manager or designee without Council approval.

(4) The authority delegated to the City Manager under Subsection (3) of this Section shall not include intergovernmental agreements authorized by ORS Chapter 190 or agreements for loans or grants from state or federal agencies, financial institutions or otherwise; provided however, that nothing herein shall preclude the City Manager or their delegate from applying for such grants or loans.

## C. Special Procurements and Exemptions.

(1) The Local Contract Review Board may exempt from competitive bidding certain contracts or classes of contracts for procurement of goods and services according to the procedures described in ORS 279B.085.

(2) The Local Contract Review Board may exempt certain contracts or classes of contracts for public improvements from competitive bidding according to the procedures described in ORS 279C.335. When exempting a public improvement from competitive bidding, the Local Contract Review Board may authorize the contract to be awarded using a Request for Proposal process for public improvements, according to the processes described in OAR 137-049-0640 through 137-049-0690.

## D. Small Procurements (Under \$ 10,000).

(1) Public contracts under \$ 10,000 are not subject to competitive bidding requirements. The City Manager or designee shall make a reasonable effort to obtain competitive quotes in order to ensure the best value for the City.

(2) The City may amend a public contract awarded as a small procurement beyond the \$10,000 limit in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800, provided the cumulative amendments do not increase the total contract price to a sum that is greater than twenty-five percent (25%) of the original contract price.

## E. Intermediate Procurements.

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(1) A contract for procurement of goods and services estimated to cost between \$ 10,000 and \$150,000 in a calendar year, or a contract for a public improvement that is estimated to cost between \$ 10,000 and \$100,000 in a calendar year, may be awarded according to the processes for intermediate procurements described in ORS 279B.070.

(2) The City may amend a public contract awarded as an intermediate procurement beyond the stated limitations in accordance with OAR 137-047-0800, provided the cumulative amendments shall not increase the total contract price to a sum that is greater than twenty-five percent (25%) of the original contract price.

## F. Methods for Awarding Contracts Using Request for Proposal Process.

In making an award using the request for proposal process in ORS 279B.060, the City may use any evaluation method determined to be most appropriate for the selection process, including, but not limited to, the processes described in ORS 279B.060(8), as well as direct appointment of personal services contracts if direct appointment is determined to be most advantageous to the City. The evaluation process(es) to be used shall be stated in the Request for Proposals. OAR 137-047-0261 through 137-047-0263 shall apply to evaluation of proposals.

# G. Emergency Contracts.

(1) "Emergency" shall be defined as follows: "Circumstances that (a) could not have reasonably been foreseen; (b) create a substantial risk of loss, damage, or interruption of services or a substantial threat to property, public health, welfare or safety; and (c) require prompt execution of a contract to remedy the condition."

(2) The Mayor, the City Manager, or a designee of the City Manager shall have authority to determine when emergency conditions exist sufficient to warrant an emergency contract. The nature of the emergency and the method used for the selection of the contractor shall be documented.

- (3) Emergency contracts may be awarded as follows:
  - (a) Goods and Services. Emergency contracts for procurement of goods and services may be awarded pursuant to ORS 279B.080 and section C, "Delegation," of these Rules.
  - (b) Public Improvements. The City hereby adopts OAR 137-049-0150 as its contracting rules for awarding a public improvement contract under emergency conditions.

## H. Local Preference Allowed in Evaluation of Bids or Proposals.

When possible, the City shall use solicitation documents and evaluation criteria that give preference to goods that are fabricated or processed, or services that are performed entirely within the State of Oregon if the cost of the goods or services does not exceed 110% of the cost of the goods or services not fabricated or processed or performed entirely within the State of Oregon. If more than one bidder or proposer qualifies for this preference, the City may give an additional 5%

preference to a qualifying bidder or proposer that resides in or is headquartered in the State of Oregon.

## I. Disposal of Surplus Property.

(1) "Surplus Property" is defined as any personal property of the City that has been determined by the City Manager or designee as being of no use or value to the City.

(2) The City Manager or designee may dispose of surplus property as follows: The City Manager shall submit a request to the City Council for a declaration that certain property is of no further use or value to the City. The City Council shall, by resolution, declare such property "surplus" and authorize the means by which the City Manager may dispose of the property, including granting the City Manager discretion to dispose of the property in any appropriate manner. The City Council may require the City Manager to obtain an appraisal of the property prior to disposition.

(3) Surplus property may be disposed of in the manner that is most advantageous to the City or the community at large, including, but not limited to, the following:

- (a) Public Auction. Auctions must be sufficiently advertised in the manner that is most likely to obtain a competitive bidding pool for the property. Employees of the City may purchase surplus property from the City only at an advertised auction, and only if the employee submits the highest bid for such property.
- (b) Donation. Surplus property may be donated or sold to any non-profit organization, any other local government, or any state or federal program created to dispose of surplus property.
- (c) Disposal. Surplus property determined to be of insufficient value to merit auction or donation may be disposed of in any appropriate manner.

## J. Appeals of Prequalification Decisions and Debarment Decisions.

(1) Review of the City's prequalification and debarment decisions shall be as set forth in ORS 279B.425. The following additional procedures shall apply to hearings on such decisions by the LCRB:

- (a) Notices shall be submitted in writing to the City Manager. Appeals filed after the filing period stated in ORS 279B.425 shall not be heard.
- (b) Upon opening of the hearing, City staff shall explain the City's decision being appealed and the justification thereof. The appellant shall then be heard. Time for the appellant's testimony shall be established by the Mayor. The appellant may submit any testimony or evidence relevant to the decision or the appeal. Any party requesting time to testify in support of the appeal shall then be heard, subject to time limits established by the Mayor.

- (c) Once all testimony and evidence in support of the appeal is heard, any party requesting time to testify in support of the City's decision shall be provided time to be heard, with time limits established by the Mayor. Any party testifying in opposition to the appeal may submit any testimony or evidence relevant to the decision or the appeal. Once all testimony in opposition to the appeal has been heard, the appellant may request time to provide rebuttal testimony. At the conclusion of the rebuttal testimony, if any, the Mayor shall close the hearing.
- (d) When issued in writing according to the requirements of ORS 279B.425, the LCRB's decision and order shall be final.

## K. Concession Agreements.

(1) A "concession agreement" is a contract that authorizes and requires a private entity or individual to promote or sell, for its own business purposes, specified types of goods or services from a site within a building or upon land owned by the City, and under which the concessionaire makes payments to the City based, in whole or in part, on the concessionaire's sales revenues. The term "concession agreement" does not include an agreement which is merely a flat-fee or per-foot rental, lease, license, permit, or other arrangement for the use of public property.

(2) Concession agreements are not required to be competitively bid. However, when it is in the City's best interests to do so, the City may obtain competitive proposals for concession agreements using the procedures described in ORS 279B.060.

## L. Purchases from Federal Catalogs.

(1) By Resolution No. 05-01, the LCRB has adopted the following rules for procurement of goods from federal catalogues:

Subject to applicable Council approval requirements stated in the City's Contracting Rules, the City may purchase goods from federal catalogues without competitive bidding when the procurement is pursuant to 10 USC 381, the Electronic Government Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-347). Purchases under other federal laws will be permitted upon a finding by the Local Contract Review Board that the law is similar to such Act in effectuating or promoting transfers of property to contracting agencies.

## M. Electronic Advertising

Pursuant to ORS 279C.360 and ORS 279B.055, electronic advertisement of public contracts in lieu of newspaper publication is authorized when it is cost-effective to do so. The City Manager or designee shall have the authority to determine when electronic publication is appropriate, and consistent with the City's public contracting policies.